July 20, 1993 BR:kb ratesord.3

BARDEN

PROPOSED NO. 93-460

 ORDINANCE NO. 10984

AN ORDINANCE establishing rates and service levels for handling of white goods and clean wood at King County solid waste disposal facilities; and amending Ordinance 8891, Section 3, as amended; Ordinance 8108, Sections 3 and 4, as amended; Ordinance 6177, Section 2, as amended; and K.C.C. 10.04.020, K.C.C. 10.10.020, K.C.C. 10.10.030, and K.C.C. 10.12.020.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF KING COUNTY:

SECTION 1. Ordinance 8891, Section 3, as amended, and K.C.C. 10.04.020 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Definitions. The following definitions shall apply in the interpretation and enforcement of this title:

- A. "Agricultural wastes" means non-dangerous wastes on farms resulting from the production of agricultural products including but not limited to manures and carcasses of dead animals weighing each or collectively in excess of fifteen pounds.
- B. "Asbestos-containing waste material" means any waste that contains asbestos. This term includes, but is not limited to, asbestos waste from control devices, contaminated clothing, asbestos waste material, materials used to enclose the work area during an asbestos project, and bags or containers that previously contained asbestos.
- C. "Ashes" means the residue including any air pollution control equipment flue dusts from combustion or incineration of material including solid wastes.
- D. "Bulky waste" means large items of refuse, such as appliances, furniture, and other oversize wastes which would typically not fit into reusable solid waste containers.
- E. "Certified hauler or certificated hauler" means any person engaged in the business of solid waste handling having a certificate granted by the Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission for that purpose.
- F. "Charitable organization" means any organization which meets the following criteria: must be defined by the Internal Revenue Service as a 501(c)3 charitable organization; must be engaged as a primary form of business

in the processing of abandoned goods for resale or reuse; and must have an account with the solid waste division.

- G. "Clean soils and clean dredge spoils" means soils and dredge spoils which are not dangerous wastes or problem wastes as defined in this chapter.
- H. Clean wood" means stumps and branches over four inches in diameter and construction lumber free of paint, preservatives, metals, concrete, and other non-wood additives or attachments.
- I. "Clean wood collection area" means an area used by county residents.

  businesses and institutions to deposit source separated clean wood.
- ((H))  $\underline{J}$ . "Commercial hauler" means any person, firm or corporation including but not limited to "certified hauler," as defined herein, collecting or transporting solid waste for hire or consideration.
- (( $\frac{1}{1}$ ))  $\underline{K}$ . "Compacted waste" means any solid waste whose volume is less than in the loose condition as a result of compression.
- ((J)) L. "Controlled solid waste" means all solid waste generated, collected or disposed within the unincorporated areas of King County and all solid waste generated, collected or disposed within any other jurisdiction with which a solid waste interlocal agreement, as defined herein, exists.
- ((K))  $\underline{M}$ . "Dangerous wastes" means any solid waste designated as dangerous waste by the Washington State Department of Ecology under chapter 173-303 WAC.
- (( $\pm$ )) N. "Demolition wastes" means solid waste, largely inert waste resulting from the demolition, razing or construction of buildings, roads, and other man-made structures. Demolition waste consists of, but is not limited to, concrete, brick, bituminous concrete, wood and masonry, composition roofing and roofing paper, steel, and minor amounts of other metals like copper. Plaster (i.e., sheet rock or plaster board) or any other material that is likely to produce gases or a leachate during the decomposition process and asbestos wastes are not considered to be demolition waste for the purposes of this chapter.
- ((M))  $\underline{0}$ . "Designated interlocal forum" means a group of representatives of unincorporated King County and of incorporated cities and towns within King County designated by the council of King County and by interlocal agreement with the cities in King County to discuss solid waste issues and facilitate regional interlocal cooperation in solid waste management.

- (( $\aleph$ )) <u>P</u>. "Disposal" means the discharge, deposit, injection, dumping, leaking, or placing of any solid waste into or on any land or water.
- $((\theta))$  Q. "Disposal facility" is a disposal site or interim solid waste handling facility. This includes, but is not limited to, transfer stations included as part of the county disposal system, landfills, incinerators, composting plants, and facilities for the recycling or recovery of resources from solid wastes or the conversion of the energy from such wastes to more useful forms or combinations thereof.
- ((P))  $\underline{R}$ . "Disposal site" means a site or sites approved by the council of King County where any final treatment, utilization, processing or disposition of solid waste occurs.
- ((0)) S. "Disposal system" means the system of disposal facilities, rules and procedures established pursuant to this title.
- ((R)) <u>T</u>. "Drop box facility" means a facility used for the placement of a detachable solid waste container, i.e., drop boxes, including the area adjacent for necessary entrance and exit roads, unloading, and turnaround areas. Drop box facilities normally serve the general public with loose loads and receive waste from off-site. Drop box facilities may also include containers for separated recyclables.
- (( $\frac{c}{c}$ ))  $\underline{U}$ . "Division" means the solid waste division of the King County public works department.
- $((\mp))$   $\underline{V}$ . "Energy resource recovery" means the recovery of energy in a usable form from mass burning or refuse derived fuel incineration, pyrolysis or any other means of using the heat of combustion of solid waste that involves high temperature (above 1200 degrees Fahrenheit) processing.
- $((\Psi))$  <u>W</u>. "Garbage" means unwanted animal and vegetable wastes and animal and vegetable wastes resulting from the handling, preparation, cooking and consumption of food, swill, and carcasses of dead animals and of such a character and proportion as to be capable of attracting or providing food for vectors, except sewage and sewage sludge.
- $((\Psi))$   $\underline{X}$ . "Hazardous wastes" means and includes, but is not limited to explosives, medical wastes, radioactive wastes, pesticides and chemicals which are potentially harmful to the public health or the environment. Unless otherwise defined by the King County board of health, such waste shall have the meaning as defined by the Washington State Department of Ecology and the Washington Administrative Code.

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- $((\Psi))$  Y. "Hazardous waste management plan" means a plan for managing moderate risk wastes, pursuant to RCW 70.105.220.
- ((\*)) Z. "Health department" means the Seattle-King County health department.
- ((Y)) AA. "Health officer" means the King County director of public health, or his authorized agent.
- "Industrial solid wastes" means waste by-products from  $((\frac{2}{2}))$  BB. manufacturing and fabricating operations such as scraps, trimmings, packing, and other discarded materials not otherwise designated as dangerous waste under Chapter 173-303 WAC.
- ((AA)) CC. "Interim solid waste handling facility" means any interim treatment, utilization or processing site engaged in solid waste handling which is not the final disposal site. Transfer stations, drop boxes, baling and compaction sites, source separation centers, intermediate processing facilities, mixed waste processing facilities and treatment facilities are considered interim solid waste handling sites.
- ((BB.)) DD. "Intermediate processing facility" means any facility that sorts mixed recyclables from source separation programs to divide them into individual component recyclable materials or to process them for marketing.
- (( $\ensuremath{\text{CC}}$ ))  $\ensuremath{\text{EE}}$ . "King County Solid Waste Advisory Committee" means the committee formed pursuant to King County Ordinance 6862 and RCW Chapter 70.95 to advise the county on solid waste management planning, assist in the development of programs and policies concerning solid waste management, and review and comment on the plan and other proposed solid waste management rules, policies or ordinance prior to adoption.
- ((<del>DD</del>)) <u>FF</u>. "Landclearing wastes" means solid wastes resulting from the clearlagdofor new construction and includes, but is not limited to, stumps and other vegetation, rocks, mud and other plant or mineral wastes.
- $((\frac{EE}{}))$  GG. "Landfill" means a disposal site or part of a site at which waste is placed in or on land and which is not a landspreading disposal facility.
- ((FF)) HH. "Landspreading disposal facility" means a facility that applies sludge or other solid wastes onto or incorporates solid waste into the soil surface at greater than vegetative utilization and soil conditioners/immobilization rates.

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- ((GG)) II. "Liquid" means a substance that flows readily and assumes the form of its container but retains its independent volume.
- ((HH)) JJ. "Littering" means to accumulate, or place, throw, deposit, put into or in any land or water or otherwise dispose of refuse including rubbish, ashes, garbage, dead animals, industrial refuse, commercial waste and all other waste material of every kind and description in any manner except as authorized by this chapter.
- ((H)) KK. "Manager" means the manager of the solid waste division of the department of public works of King County.
- ((JJ)) LL. "Medical waste" means all waste so defined by the King County board of health rules and regulations.
- ((KK)) MM. "Mixed municipal solid waste" means waste consisting of solid waste generated by residences, stores, offices, and other generators of wastes that are not industrial, agricultural, or demolition wastes.
- ((<del>LL</del>)) NN. "Mixed waste processing" means sorting of solid waste after collection from the point of generation in order to remove recyclables from the solid waste to be disposed.
- ((MM)) <u>00</u>. "Mobile yard waste facility" means a yard waste facility requiring no above-grade construction and established on a temporary basis. For the purposes of Section 10.12.020, a mobile yard waste facility shall be considered to be a disposal site without scales.
  - ((NH)) PP. "Moderate risk waste" means:
- 1. any waste that exhibits any of the properties of hazardous waste but is exempt from regulation under RCW Chapter 70.105 solely because the waste is generated in quantities below the threshold for regulation, and
- any household wastes which are generated from the disposal of substances identified by the department of ecology as hazardous household substances.
- ((00)) 00. "Multi-family structure" means any residential structure designed exclusively for occupancy by two or more families living independently of each other receiving solid waste collection service as an entire structure or complex and the structure or complex is billed for solid waste collection service as a whole and not by individual dwelling units.
- (( $\frac{PP}{}$ ))  $\underline{RR}$ . Noncommercial user" means any person not engaged in the business of solid waste handling.

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- ((QQ)) SS. "Operating hours" means those times during which disposal facilities are normally open and available for the delivery of solid wastes.
- ((RR)) II. "Person" means any individual, association, firm, corporation, partnership, political subdivision, municipality, government agency, industry, public or private corporation, or any other entity.
- ((<del>SS</del>)) <u>UU</u>. "Plan" means the coordinated comprehensive solid waste management plan for the county as required by RCW Chapter 70.95.

## ((<del>II</del>)) <u>VV</u>. "Problem wastes" means:

- 1. soils removed during the cleanup of a remedial action site, or a dangerous waste site closure or other cleanup efforts and actions and which contain harmful substances but are not designated dangerous wastes, or
- 2. dredge spoils resulting from the dredging of surface waters of the state where contaminants are present in the dredge spoils at concentrations not suitable for open water disposal and the dredge spoils are not dangerous wastes and are not regulated by the Federal Clean Water Act.
- ((<del>UU</del>)) <u>WW</u>. "Procurement policy" means the development and implementation of a policy which achieves the purchase of products made from recycled and/or recyclable goods.
- $((\Psi))$  XX. "Receivers" means persons who will reuse recyclables and to whom source separated recyclables for which a market does not presently exist can be delivered at little or no cost in order to avoid landfilling the materials pending development of economic markets.
- "Reclamation site" means a location used for the processing ((₩₩)) <u>YY</u>. or the storage of recycled waste.
- ((XX)) ZZ. "Recyclables" means any material that can be kept out of or recovered from solid waste and the resources therein be transformed and/or reused including, but not limited to, mixed paper, newsprint, cardboard, aluminum, glass, plastics, chemicals, oil, wood, compostable organics (food and yard debris), ferrous metal, and inorganics (rubble and inert material).
- ((\frac{44}{2})) AAA. "Recycling" means either source separation or the processing of solid waste mechanically or by hand to segregate materials for sale or reuse. Materials which can be removed through recycling include but are not limited to mixed paper, newsprint, cardboard, aluminum, glass, plastics, chemicals, oil, wood, compostable organics (food and yard debris), ferrous metal, and inorganics (rubble and inert material). Recycling does not include combustion of solid waste or preparation of a fuel from solid waste.

((<del>ZZ</del>)) <u>BBB</u>. "Refuse" means garbage, rubbish, ashes, swill and all other putrescible and nonputrescible wastes, except sewage, from all public and private establishments and residences.

((AAA)) <u>CCC</u>. "Regional approach" means the development and implementation of a solid waste management program in cooperation with municipalities in King County and with other counties within the Puget Sound area.

((BBB)) <u>DDD</u>. "Regional direct" means any solid waste transported to Cedar Hills disposal site by conventional long haul transfer vehicles, transporting from solid waste transfer stations solid waste generated and collected in King County.

EEE. "Regulated refrigerant" means a class I or class I substance as listed in Title VI of the Federal Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990.

 $((\frac{\text{CCC}}{\text{CCC}}))$  FFF. "Reuse" means the return of a commodity into the economic stream for use.

((<del>DDD</del>)) <u>GGG</u>. "Rubbish" means all nonputrescible wastes from all public and private establishments and from all residences.

((EEE)) HHH. "Secured load" means a load of solid waste which has been secured or covered in the vehicle in a manner that will prevent any part of the solid waste from leaving the vehicle while the vehicle is moving.

((FFF)) <u>III</u>. "Self-hauler" means all vehicles that are neither passenger licensed vehicles nor vehicles used by solid waste collection entities in their solid waste collection operations.

((GGG)) JJJ. "Single family dwelling" means any residential unit receiving solid waste collection service as an individual unit and the dwelling is billed for solid waste collection service as an individual dwelling.

((HHH)) KKK. "Solid waste" means all putrescible and nonputrescible solid and semisolid wastes, except wastes identified in WAC 173-304-015, including but not limited to garbage, rubbish, ashes, industrial wastes, swill, demolition and construction wastes, abandoned vehicles or parts thereof, discarded commodities, sludge from wastewater treatment plants and septage from septic tanks, woodwaste, dangerous waste, and problem wastes. This includes all liquid, solid and semisolid materials which are not the primary products of public, private, industrial, commercial, mining and

agricultural operations. Unrecovered residue from recycling operations shall be considered solid waste.

((III)) LLL. "Solid waste collection entity" means every person or his lessees, receivers, or trustees, owning, controlling, operating or managing vehicles used in the business of transporting solid waste for collection and/or disposal for compensation including all certified haulers, or any city using its own employees, or any company operating pursuant to a contract with or franchise from a city performing solid waste collection services within the city.

((JJJ)) MMM. "Solid waste interlocal agreement" means an agreement between a city and the county for use of King County disposal system for solid waste generated or collected within the city.

((KKK)) NNN. "Solid waste management" means the systematic administration of activities which provide for the reduction in generated volume, source separation, collection, storage, transportation, transfer, recycling, processing, treatment and disposal of solid waste. This includes public education and marketing activities.

((LLL)) <u>000</u>. "Source separation" means the process of separating recyclable materials from material which will become solid waste at its source.

((MMM)) <u>PPP</u>. "Suspect waste" means any waste the manager suspects may be unauthorized waste.

((NNN)) <u>QQQ</u>. "Swill" means every refuse accumulation of animal, fruit or vegetable matter, liquid or otherwise, that attend the preparation, use, cooking, dealing in or storing of meat, fish, fowl, fruit and vegetables, except coffee grounds.

RRR. "Trailer Waste Area" means a dedicated area where disposal vehicles shall utilize for hosing their containers, truck beds, and trailers following tipping of wastes.

((000)) <u>SSS</u>. "Transfer station" means a staffed, fixed, supplemental collection and transportation facility used by persons and route collection vehicles to deposit collected solid waste from off-site into a larger transfer vehicle for transport to a permanent disposal site. It may also include recycling facilities.

((PPP)) TTT. "Unauthorized waste" means waste which is waste not acceptable for disposal at any or a specific disposal facility according to applicable rules and regulations or a determination of the manager.

((QQQ)) <u>UUU</u>. "Uncompacted waste" means any solid waste in an uncompressed or loose condition.

((RRR)) <u>VVV</u>. "Unincorporated urban service area" means a geographical area of urban unincorporated King County designated to receive solid waste, recyclables, and yard waste collection services.

((SSS)) <u>WWW</u>. "Waste reduction" means reducing the amount or type of waste generated.

XXX. "White goods" means major appliances, including refrigerators, freezers, heat pumps, air conditioners, stoves, ranges, dishwashers, washers, dryers, trash compactors, dehumidifiers, and other appliances specified by the manager.

YYY. "White goods collection area" means an area used by county residents to deposit source separated white goods.

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((UUU)) AAAA. "Yard waste" means a compostable organic material generated in yards or gardens, including but not limited to, leaves, grass, branches, prunings, and clippings of woody and fleshy plants and unflocked Christmas trees, but shall not include rocks, dirt or sod, concrete, asphalt, bricks, landclearing wastes, demolition wastes, woodwaste or food waste.

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SECTION 2. Ordinance 8108, Section 3, as amended, and K.C.C. 10.10.020 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Operating hours at King County solid waste disposal facilities shall be as follows:

- A. Transfer stations shall be open from 8:00 a.m. to 5:30 p.m., Sundays through Saturdays. The Factoria transfer station shall also be open at night from 5:30 p.m. to 1:00 a.m., Monday through Friday.
- 1. Yard waste ((facilities)) collection areas shall be located at the following transfer stations and shall be open at the hours here specified: Factoria Transfer Station....5:30 p.m. to 1:00 a.m. Monday through Friday: Enumclaw Transfer Station....8:00 a.m. to 5:30 p.m. Sunday through Saturday.
- 2. White goods and clean wood collection areas shall be located at the following transfer stations and shall be open at the hours here specified:

  Enumclaw Transfer Station...8:00 a.m. to 5:30 p.m. Sunday through Saturday.
- B. The Cedar Hills Landfill shall be open from 6:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. Mondays through Fridays, 6:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. Saturdays and Sundays. Cedar Hills shall not be open for use by the general public.
- C. All King County solid waste disposal facilities shall be closed on Thanksgiving Day, Christmas Day and New Years Day.
- D. King County landfills (excluding Cedar Hills), drop boxes, and yard waste ((facilities)) collection areas located at landfills shall be open from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., seven days per week during Pacific Standard Time and from 9:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m., seven days per week during Pacific Daylight Time. Yard waste ((facilities)) collection areas shall be located at Hobart and Cedar Falls landfills.
- E. Operating hours, dates of operation, and sites for mobile yard waste facilities shall be determined and publicized by the manager.

SECTION 3. Ordinance 8108, Section 4, as amended, and K.C.C. 10.10.030 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Types of waste accepted. Types of waste accepted at King County solid waste disposal facilities shall be limited to the following:

- A. Cedar Hills Landfill shall accept mixed municipal solid waste from transfer stations and other sources in King County, and demolition waste in small quantities incidental to jurisdictional activities.
- B. Rural landfills shall accept mixed municipal solid waste from nonurban sources.
- C. Transfer stations shall accept mixed municipal solid waste, demolition waste in small quantities incidental to jurisdictional activities

and of a size and density capable of being handled by trans 1 equipment, and waste from the general public, businesses, and route collection 2 vehicles collecting waste in King County. 3 D. Drop box facilities shall accept mixed municipal solid waste in loads not to exceed five cubic yards and/or one ton. 5 E. Yard waste ((facilities)) collection areas located at county 6 transfer stations or landfills shall accept source separated yard waste from 7 county residents, businesses and institutions. 8 F. Mobile yard waste facilities shall accept source separated 9 residential yard waste from noncommercial users in loads not to exceed five 10. cubic yards and/or one ton. 11 G. White goods collection areas located at county transfer stations 12 or landfills shall accept source separated white goods from county residents. 13 H. Clean wood collection areas located at county transfer stations or 14 landfills shall accept source separated clean wood from county residents. 15 businesses and institutions. 16 ((G)) I. Other wastes, such as industrial waste, semisolid, or liquid 17 waste, and asbestos containing waste material, may be accepted at sites as 18 designated and approved by the manager. 19 ((H))  $\underline{J}$ . Acceptance of any suspect waste may be denied pending the 20 health officer's approval. 21 SECTION 4. Ordinance 6177, Section 2, as amended, and K.C.C. 10.12.020 22 are hereby amended to read as follows: 23 Fees for use of disposal sites. All persons using county-operated solid 24 waste disposal facilities shall pay the service fees set forth in the 25 following schedules: 26 Effective ((January 1, 1992)) September 1, 1993 service fees for 27 the use of disposal sites with scales, excluding Cedar Hills, shall be: 28 1. Solid waste disposal: 29 Passenger licensed vehicles..... \$9.25 per entry 30 Other vehicles ..... 66.00 per ton 31 Charitable organizations ...... 43.00 per ton 32

Minimum charge ..... 9.25 per vehicle

Charitable organizations, minimum charge 6.00 per entry

Use of Trailer Wash Area ..... 1.00 per token

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1	2. Deposit of source separated yard waste at (( <del>disposal sites</del>
2	with)) yard waste ((facilities)) collection areas and deposit of clean wood at
3	clean wood collection areas:
4	Passenger licensed vehicles 7.50 per entry
5	Other vehicles 58.00 per ton
6	Minimum charge 7.50 per vehicle
7	3. Deposit of white goods at white goods collection areas:
8	White goods without regulated refrigerants 10.00 per unit
9	White goods with regulated refrigerants 24.00 per unit
10	B. Effective January 1, 1992 service fees for the use of disposal
11	sites without scales shall be based upon the cubic yard or fraction thereof as
12	follows:
13	1. Solid waste disposal:
14	Passenger licensed vehicles \$9.25 per entry
15	Other vehicles
16	Compacted wastes 19.00 per cubic yard
17	Uncompacted wastes
18	Minimum charge 9.25 per vehicle
19	2. Deposit of source separated yard waste at (( <del>disposal sites</del>
20	with)) yard waste (( <del>facilities</del> )) <u>collection areas</u> :
21	Passenger licensed vehicles 7.50 per entry
22	Other vehicles
23	Compacted wastes
24	Uncompacted wastes 9.50 per cubic yard
25	Minimum charge 7.50 per vehicle
26	C. Effective January 1, 1992 service fees at the Cedar Hills Landfill
27	shall be:
28	Cedar Hills regional direct 43.00 per ton
29	Other vehicles 66.00 per ton
30	Disposal by other vehicles is at the discretion of the solid waste
31	manager. Any certificated hauler who has been disposing solid waste at a
32	rural landfill may be authorized by the solid waste manager to dispose solid
33	waste at the Cedar Hills Regional Landfill on a temporary, emergency basis at
34	the regional direct fee.

- D. Effective July 1, 1991, a moderate risk waste surcharge shall be added to all solid waste disposed by non-solid waste collection entities using county operated disposal facilities. The fee schedule is as follows:
  - 1. For sites with scales:

2. For sites without scales:

E. Effective January 1, 1992 a special waste fee shall be charged for special wastes including infectious waste treated and handled pursuant to King County Board of Health Code 10.28.070, asbestos-containing waste material, bulky waste, problem wastes, and other additional wastes requiring clearances pursuant to the King County Board of Health Code Title 10 or pursuant to rules promulgated by the department.

- F. In the absence of exact weights or measurements, the estimate of the manager shall be binding upon the user.
- G. Special Service Fee. Solid waste generated and/or collected within the boundaries of a jurisdiction which has not entered into an agreement with King County for use of King County solid waste disposal facilities as provided by this chapter may only be disposed of in a King County facility upon payment of a special service fee of 3 times the applicable per ton rate for facilities with scales and 3 times the applicable cubic yard rate for compacted or uncompacted wastes for facilities without scales. Payment of the special service fee in this subsection shall be in lieu of payment of the fees in subsections A-E. Nothing in this subsection authorizes the use of King County facilities by any municipal corporation or

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agent thereof or any commercial hauler for disposal of solid waste generated 1 2 and/or collected outside King County. 3 INTRODUCED AND READ for the first time this 4 PASSED this \_ \_ day of augus 5 KING COUNTY COUNCIL KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON 6 7 8 9 10 ATTEST: 11 12 27th day of Aubust 13 PASSED this 14 15 Executive